		M.Sc. GEOLOGY							
2 Year/4 Semester Course									
		Under the Faculty of Science							
		FIRST SEMESTER			Т				
	Paper No.	Title of Papers	Ma	Credit					
			External	Internal**					
FIRST SEMESTER	I	Structural Geology	80	20	4				
	II	Mineralogy	80	20	4				
	III	Geochemistry & Geodynamics	80	20	4				
	IV	Crystallography & crystal optics	80	20	4				
\mathbf{SE}	LC-I	Structural Geology & Survey	100	-	3				
	LC-II	Crystallography, Mineralogy &	100	-	3				
		Geochemistry, Geodynamics							
		Total	520	80	22				
		SECOND SEMESTER			T				
	Paper No.	Title of Papers	Marks		Credit				
~			External	Internal**					
SEMESTER	I	Igneous Petrology	80	20	4				
	II	Metamorphic Petrology	80	20	4				
EC ME	III	Sedimentology & Tectonics	80	20	4				
SE	IV	Stratigraphic principles and Indian Geology	80	20	4				
	LC-I	Petrology and Stratigraphy	150	-	3				
	LC-II	Fieldwork	50	-	2				
		Total	520	80	21				
		THIRD SEMESTER							
	Paper No.	Title of Papers	Marks		Credit				
			External	Internal**					
~	I	Paleontology	80	20	4				
	II	Ore & Fuel Geology	80	20	4				
THIRI	III	Geomorphology & Remote Sensing	80	20	4				
THIRD EMESTER	IV	Mineral Exploration	80	20	4				
SE	LC-I	Ore Geology and Mineral Exploration	100	-	3				
	LC-II	Paleontology, Geomorphology and Remote	100	-	3				
		sensing							
		Total	520	80	22				
		FOURTH SEMESTER							
	Paper No.	Title of Papers	Marks		Credit				
			External	Internal**					
FOURTH SEMESTER	I	Mining and Engineering Geology	80	20	4				
	II	Environmental Geology & Climatology,	80	20	4				
JR.		Oceanography							
FOURTH	III	Hydrogeology	80	20	4				
F. SEI	LC-I	Hydrogeology Engineering Geology and	150		3				
		Mining geology							
		Total	390	60	15				
	İ	10001	I	i					

Core Elective Courses (any one)

Course	Title of Paper	Max Marks			Credits
No		Theory	Internal	Total	
			Assmt.		
ME I	Advanced Hydrogeology	80	20	100	4
Lab	Advance hydrogeology	50		50	2
course					
ME- I					
ME II	Project Oriented Dissertation	100		100	4
	Script Evaluation and Viva Voce on	30		50	2
	Project Dissertation				
	Total	130		150	6
		Max Marks		Credits	
		Theory	Internal	Total	
			Assmt.		
	Grand Total	2160	340	2500	86

Minor Elective:

		Max Marks			Credits
		Theory	Internal	Total	
			Assmt.		
GMnE-1	Disaster Management	80	20	2500	4

M.Sc. GEOLOGY SEMESTER - I PAPER-I STRUCTURAL GEOLOGY

UNIT – I

- 1.1. Concept of Line and Plane; Attitude of Plane and a line; Bedding plane; Plunge and trend; Dip and strike and their measurement.
- 1.2. Criteria for determination of Top & Bottom of sedimentary, metamorphic and igneous rocks in a structurally deformed terrain.
- 1.3. Field techniques of lithological and structural mapping.
- 1.4. Unconformity and its type. Onlap. Offlap, Outlier, Inlier and Tectonic Window

UNIT - II

- 2.1 Rock deformation: Stress & strain, their relationship; Factors controlling rock deformation
- 2.2 Properties of elastic, plastic and brittle materials; Progressive deformation.
- 2.3 Strain analysis: types of strain; strain ellipse; strain ellipsoid; geological application of strain theory.
- 2.4 Stress analysis: compressive and shear stress; biaxial and triaxial stress. Mohr's Circle and envelope.

UNIT - III

- 3.1 Fold: Definition; classifications geometrical and genetic; its types.
- 3.2 Mechanism of Fold formation.
- 3.3 Superimposed fold; outcrop pattern of superimposed structure comprising of two-fold system.
- 3.4 Stereographic Projection: Principles, Schmidt Net. Plotting a line, plane, intersection of plane. *Alpha, Beta and Rose Diagram.

UNIT - IV

- 4.1 Fault: types and mechanism of faulting; Principal stress orientation for the three main fault types; Relationship between stress and strain ellipsoid.
- 4.2 Joints and its types; their analysis and relationship to major structures.
- 4.3 Petrofabric Analysis: Field and laboratory techniques; Preparation of petrofabric diagrams and their interpretation.
- 4.4 Structure and tectonics of India.

UNIT - V

- 5.1 Cleavage & Schistosity: definition and types.
- 5.2 Mechanism of formation of Cleavage & Schistosity; its relationship with deformation and major structures
- 5.3 Lineation: definition and its types; their mode of development and relation to major structures.
- 5.4 Plutons: Definition & description; Role in progressive deformation.

- Ghosh, S.K. (1993): Structural Geology: Fundamental and Modern Development.
 Pergamon Press.
- Hobbs, B.E., Means, W.D. and Williams, P.F. (1976): An outline of Structural Geology, John Wiley and Sons, New York.

- Ramsay, J.G. (1967): Folding and fracturing of rocks, McGraw Hill.
- Ramsay, J.G. and Huber, M.I. (1983): Techniques of Modern Structural Geology, Vol. I, Strain Analysis, Academic Press.
- Ramsay, J.G. and Huber, M.I. (1987): Techniques of Modern Structural Geology, Vol. II, Folds and Fractures, Academic Press.
- Ramsay, J.G. and Huber, M.I. (2000): Techniques of Modern Structural Geology, Vol. III (Application of continuum mechanics), Academic Press.
- Turner, F.J. and Weiss, L.E. (1963): Structural analysis of Metamorphic Tectonites, McGraw Hill.
- Windley B. (1973): The Evolving continents, John Wiley and Sons, New York.

M.SC. GEOLOGY SEMESTER - I PAPER-II MINERALOGY

UNIT- I

- 1.1. Composition of minerals and Mineraloids.
- 1.2. Physical Properties of Minerals depending on Crystal Growth, Crystal Structure, Chemical Composition and Interaction with light.
- 1.3. Electrical Magnetic, Luminescence, Thermal and Radioactive Properties of Mineral.
- 1.4. Structure of Silicates.

UNIT-II

- 2.1 Ionic Radius, Coordination Principles, Close Packing, Pauling's Rules.
- 2.2 Unit Cell, Bonding Forces in crystals Ionic Bond, Covalent Bond, Van Der Waal's Bond, Metallic Bond.
- 2.3 Solid solution Substitution, Interstitial and Omission solid solution. Ex-solution.
- 2.4 Polymorphism, polytypism, pseudomorphism.

UNIT - III

Classification of Minerals. Systematic Mineralogy of common rock forming silicate groups.

- 3.1 Classification of Minerals
- 3.2 Nesosilicates a) Olivine Group b) Garnet Group
 - c) Al2SiO5 Group d) Zircon,
- 3.3 a)Topaz b) Staurolite c) Sphene.
- 3.4 Sorosilicates Epidote

UNIT-IV

Systematic Mineralogy of Common Rock forming silicate Groups

- 4.1 Cyclosilicates a) Cordierite b) Tourmaline c) Beryl
- 4.2 Inosilicates a) Pyroxene Group
- 4.3 Inosilicates a) Amphibole Group
- 4.4 Phyllosicates a) Serpentine Group b) Mica Group c) Chlorite Group d) Clay Mineral Group Kaolin and Talc,

Unit - V

Systematic Mineralogy of common rock forming silicate and Carbonate groups.

- 5.1 Tectosilicates- a) SiO2 Group
- b) Zeolite Group
- 5.2 Tectosilicates a) Feldspar Group b) Feldspathoid Group
- 5.3 Carbonates
- 5.4 Gem and Semi precious minerals.

- Berry, L.G., Mason, B. and Dietrich, R.V. (1982): Mineralogy, CBS Publ.
- Dana, E.S. and Ford, W.E.(2002): A textbook of Mineralogy (Reprint).
- Kerr, P.F. (1977): Optical Mineralogy, McGraw Hill.
- Moorhouse, W.W. (1951): Optical Mineralogy, Harper and row Publ.
- Nesse, D.W. (1986): Optical Mineralogy, McGraw Hill.
- Perkins, D. (1998): Mineralogy, Prentice Hall.
- Winchell, E.N. (1951): Elements of Optical Mineralogy, Wiley Eastern.

M.SC. GEOLOGY SEMESTER - I PAPER-III GEOCHEMISTRY & GEODYNAMICS

UNIT – I

- 1.1. Cosmic Abundance of the Elements and Nucleosynthesis. Geology and Chemistry of Moon.
- 1.2. Composition and Classification of Meteorites, Chondrules, Chondrites and Achondrites. Geochemical classification of elements.
- 1.3. Trace, Volatile, Semi volatile, Alkali and Alkaline earth elements.
- 1.4. REE and Y, HFSE elements, Transition & Noble elements.

UNIT – II

- 2.1 Partition coefficient. Compatable and incompatable elements.
- 2.2 Basics of radiogenic isotope geochemistry. Scope of stable isotope geochemistry
- 2.3 Fundamental Thermodynamic Equations. Free energy. Phase equilibrium and Gibb's Phase Rule. Thermodynamics of magmatic Crystallization.
- 2.4 Geochemistry of continental and Oceanic Crust and Island Arcs.

UNIT - III

- 3.1 Growth of continental crust and its mechanism.
- 3.2 Composition of Mantle. Phase transition in the Mantle.
- 3.3 Primitive mantle and mantle differentiation. Geochemical evolution of Mantle Plume. Formation of Core
- 3.4 Generation of Earths Magnetic Field, Eutrophication

UNIT - IV

- 4.1 *Origin of Solar System and Theories & Hypothesis related to them
- 4.2 *Interior of the Earth, Age of the Earth
- 4.3 *Continental Drift, Plate Tectonics
- 4.4 *Mid Oceanic ridges, Island Arc, Sea floor spreading

UNIT -- V

- 5.1 *Geomagnetism, Magnetic Inclination, Magnetic Declination, Apparent polar wandering, Magnetic reversal
- 5.2 *Earthquake origin, intensity & magnitude, scale, theories related to earthquake generation, distribution of earthquake with special reference to India
- 5.3 *Volcano products, types and their distribution in world with special reference to India
- 5.4 *Orogeny, Epiorogeny, Isostasy

- Drever, J. I., 1988. The Geochemistry of Natural Waters, Prentice Hall, Englewood Cliffs, 437 p.
- Garrels, R. M. and C. L. Christ. 1965. *Solutions, Minerals and Equilibria*. New York: Harper and Row.
- Burns, R. G. 1970. Mineralogical Applications of Crystal Field Theory. Cambridge: Cambridge Univ. Press.
- Henderson, P. 1986. *Inorganic geochemistry*. Oxford: Pergamon Press.

- Brownlow, A. H. 1996. *Geochemistry*. New York: Prentice Hall.
- Krauskopf, K. B. and D. K. Bird. 1995. Introduction to Geochemistry. New York: McGraw-Hill.
- Bowen, R. 1988. Isotopes in the Earth Sciences, Barking (Essex): Elsevier Applied Science Publishers.
- Condie, K. C. 1989. *Plate Tectonics and Crustal Evolution*. Oxford: Pergamon.
- Faure, G., 1986. *Principles of Isotope Geology*, 2nd ed., Wiley & Sons, New York, 589p.
- Drever, J. I., 1988. The Geochemistry of Natural Waters, Prentice Hall, Englewood Cliffs, 437 p.
- Garrels, R. M. and C. L. Christ. 1965. Solutions, Minerals and Equilibria. New York: Harper and Row.
- White, W. M. Geochemistry (Online)

M.SC. GEOLOGY SEMESTER – I PAPER-IV CRYSTALLOGRAPHY & CRYSTAL OPTICS

UNIT – I

- 1.1. Crystal growth. Development of ideas of internal structure of crystals.
- 1.2. Space lattices and point systems. X-ray analysis of crystal structure.
- 1.3. Morphology of crystals. Fundamental Laws of Crystal Zones and Zonal Symbols.
- 1.4. Symmetry elements, operations. Classification of Crystals in 32 Classes.

UNIT - II

- 2.1 Symmetry and forms of crystals of isometric, tetragonal and hexagonal systems.
- 2.2 Symmetry and forms of crystals of orthorhombic, monoclinic and triclinic systems.
- 2.3 Goniometry of Crystals. Crystal Projections Spherical, Gnomonic and Stereographic.
- 2.4 Crystal Aggregates, Twinning, Irregularities & Imperfections in Crystals.

UNIT - III

- 3.1 Principles of transmission and reflection of light from crystals. Classification of minerals according to the interaction of light. Interference.
- 3.2 Refraction and Refractometry. Methods of determination of R.I.
- 3.3 Birefringence in Crystals. Significance and use of plates, wedge and Bereck Compensator.
- 3.4 Pleochroism in Crystals.

UNIT-IV

- 4.1 Classification of Crystals into isotropic, Uniaxial and Biaxial minerals.
- 4.2 Isotropic, uniaxial and biaxial indicatrix.
- 4.3 Optical characters of Isotropic and uniaxial minerals.
- 4.4 Optical characters of biaxial minerals.

UNIT - V

- 5.1 Optical Orientation Extinction angle, Universal stage. Construction & Use.
- 5.2 Dispersion in mineral optic axial angle.
- 5.3 Optical anomalies.
- 5.4 Systematic determination of optical properties of minerals.

Books Recommended:

Phillips, F.C (1971): Introduction to Crystallography, Longman Group Publ.

Dana, E.S. and Ford, W.E. (2002): A textbook of Mineralogy (Reprint).

M.SC. GEOLOGY SEMESTER – I PRACTICALS LAB COURSE – I

Al STRUCTURAL GEOLOGY

- 1. Stereographic projection problems in angular relationship true dip, apparent dip plunge and rake of the intersection of planes.
- 2. Study of minor structures in hand specimens.
- 3. Preparation & Interpretation of geological maps & structure contour maps.
- 4. Three-point problems geometric solutions for three-point problems & fault problems.

B} Survey

- 5. Chain tape; Plane table and Prismatic compass survey.
- 6. Leveling and Tachometric survey.
- 7. Principles of Theodolite and angle measurement.

LAB COURSE - II

A} Mineralogy and Geochemistry

- 1. Megascopic study of common rock forming minerals.
- 2. Microscopic study of common rock forming minerals.
- 3. Principles and methods of geochemical analysis. Calculation of mineral formulae.
- 4. Determination of total hardness in water.
- 5. Spot test for qualitative analysis.

B} Crystallography and Crystal Optics

- 6. Morphological study of crystal models and twins.
- 7. Stereographic projection of crystals.
- 8. Optical determination methods of 1. Refractive Index.
- 9. Order of Interference colour and birefringence.
- 10. Interference figure and optic sign.
- 11. Scheme of pleochroism.
- 12. An content (Michel Levy's method)
- 13. Determination of 2V.

M.SC. GEOLOGY SEMESTER – II PAPER-I IGNEOUS PETROLOGY

UNIT- I

- 1.1. Factors affecting magma and its evolution. Composition of primary magma; mantle mineralogy.
- 1.2. Partial melting of mantle different models. Trace element behavior during partial melting.
- 1.3. Magmatic differentiation processes.
- 1.4. Behavior of major and trace elements during fractional crystallization.

UNIT - II

- 2.1 Concurrent assimilation and fractional crystallization. Magma mixing.
- 2.2 Various criterion for classification of Igneous rocks *Tabular, IUGS System QAPF, TAS, Niggli value, colour index
- 2.3 Petrographic Province. Different variation diagrams and their applications.
- 2.4 Crystallization of basaltic magmas, *classification of Basaltic magma.
- 2.5 Generation of *Granite and Basaltic magma with reference to plate tectonics.

UNIT - III

Study the petrogenetic significance of following silicate systems:

- 3.1 Albite-Anorthite and Forsterite Silica, *Eutectic, Cotectic, Labile Stage, Synthetic component, phase, System, Phase rule.
- 3.2 Diopside-Albite-Anorthite and Diopside-forsterite-silica
- 3.3 Nepheline-kalsilite-silica
- 3.4 Dioside-Forsterite-Nepheline-Silica.

UNIT - IV

Petrogenetic study of the following rock types and their distribution in India:

- 4.1 Basalt and Ophiolite
- 4.2 Peridotite, Ultramafite, *Dunite, Peridoite
- 4.3 Granite, Anarthosite, *Svenite
- 4.4 Komatite, Kimberlite and Lamproite
- 4.5 Carbonatite, Lamprophyre,

UNIT-V

- 5.1 Mid-ocean ridge volcanism and oceanic intra-plate volcanism.
- 5.2 Magmatism associated with subduction related igneous activity- continental and island arcs.
- 5.3 Magmatism in Large Igneous Plutons and continental alkaline magmatism.
- 5.4 *Petrographic province of India.

- Bose, M.K. (1997): Igneous Petrology, World Press, Kolkata.
- Best, Myron G. (2002): Igneous and Metamorphic Petrology, Blackwell Science.
- Cox, K.G., Bell, J.D. and Pankhurst, R.J. (1993): The Interpretation of Igneous Rocks, Champman and Hall, London.
- Faure, G. (2001): Origin of Igneous Rocks, Springer.

- Hall, A. (1997): Igneous Petrology, Longman.
- LeMaitre R.W. (2002): Igneous Rocks: A Classification and Glossary of Terms, Cambridge University Press.
- McBirney (1994): Igneous Petrology, CBS Publ., Delhi.
- Phillpotts, A.R. (1994): Principles of Igneous and Metamorphic Petrology, Prentice Hall of India.
- Sood, M.K. (1982): Modern Igneous Petrology, Wiley-Interscience Publ., New York.
- Srivastava, Rajesh K. and Chandra, R., (1995): Magmatism in Relation to Diverse Tectonic Settings, A.A. Balkema, Rotterdam.
- Wilson, M. (1993): Igneous Petrogenesis, Chapman and Hall, London.
- Winter, J.D. (2001): An Introduction to Igneous and Metamorphic Petrology, Prentice Hall, New Jersey.

M.SC. GEOLOGY SEMESTER – II PAPER-II METAMORPHIC PETROLOGY

UNIT – I

- 1.1. Definition of metamorphism, significance of metamorphic rocks.
- 1.2. Agents and kinds of metamorphism.
- 1.3. Phase rule and its application in metamorphism.
- 1.4. Structure and texture of metamorphic rocks and their significance. Classification of metamorphic rocks.

UNIT - II

- 2.1 Fabric of metamorphic rocks.
- 2.2 Evolution of the concept of depth zones. Systematic study of Barrovian and Abukuma zones of metamorphism.
- 2.3 Grade of metamorphism, Isograde & Isoreactiongrade and construction of petrogenetic grids.
- 2.4 Concept of facies and facies series.

UNIT-III

- 3.1 Study of ACF, AKF and AFM diagrams.
- 3.2 Polymetamorphism and paired metamorphic belts.
- 3.3 Metamorphic differentiation.
- 3.4 Retrograde Metamorphism and Crystalloblastic series.

UNIT - IV

- 4.1 General Characters of thermal and regional metamorphism of limestone, shale and basic igneous rocks.
- 4.2 Metamorphism in relation to magma and orogeny.
- 4.3 Metasomatism _ principles and types of metasomatism. Granitization.
- 4.4 Anataxis, Palingenesis. Origin of Migmatites in the light of experimental studies.

UNIT-V

- 5.1 Kinetics of metamorphic mineral reaction. Pressure temperature time paths.
- 5.2 Ultra-high temperature and ultra-high pressure and ocean floor metamorphism.
- 5.3 Layering in metamorphic rocks.
- 5.4 Petrogenetic significance of following rocks with special reference to Indian occurrences: charnockite, amphibolite, Khondalite, Gondite, Eclogite, and Blue schist.

- Blatt, H. and Tracy, R.J. (1996): Petrology (Igneous, Sedimentary, Metamorphic),
 W.H. Freeman and Co., NewYork.
- Bucher, K. and Martin, F. (2002): Petrogenesis of Metamorphic Rocks (7th Rev. Ed.), Springer–Verlag,.
- Kerr, P.F. (1959): Optical Mineralogy, McGraw Hill Book Company Inc., New York.
- Philpotts, A.R. (1994): Principles of Igneous and Metamorphic Petrology, Prentice Hall.
- Powell, R. (1978): Equilibrium thermodynamics in Petrology: An Introduction, Harper and Row Publ., London.

- Rastogy, R.P. and Mishra, R.R. (1993): An Introduction to Chemical Thermodynamics, Vikash Publishing House.
- Spear, F. S. (1993): Mineralogical Phase Equilibria and pressure temperature time Paths, Mineralogical Society of America.
- Spry, A. (1976): Metamorphic Textures, Pergamon Press.
- Winter, J.D. (2001): An introduction to Igneous and Metamorphic Petrology, Prentice Hall.
- Wood, B.J. and Fraser, D.G. (1976): Elementary Thermodynamics for Geologists, Oxford University Press, London.
- Yardley, B.W.D., Mackenzie, W.S. and Guilford, C. (1995): Atlas of Metamorphic Rocks and their textures, Longman Scientific and Technical, England.
- Yardlley, B.W.D. (1989): An introduction to Metamorphic Petrology, Longman Scientific and Technical, New York.

M.SC. GEOLOGY SEMESTER- II PAPER-III SEDIMENTOLOGY AND TECTONICS

UNIT- I

- 1.1. Earth surface system liberation and flux of sediments. *Sedimentation & digenesis.
- 1.2. Processes of transport and generation of sedimentary structures. Flow regimes and related bed forms
- 1.3. Stromatolites and their significance.
- 1.4. Textural analysis of sediments, Graphical representation, statistical treatment and geological significance.

UNIT - II

- 2.1 Classification of sandstone and carbonate rocks. Dolomite and dolomitization.
- 2.2 Volcaniclastics. Sedimentary environments and facies.
- 2.3 Continental: alluvial-fluvial facies, Lacustrine, Desert Aeolian and glacial sedimentary environments, **Marine Environment*.
- 2.4 Shallow coastal clastics and shallow water carbonates.

UNIT - III

- 3.1 Evaporites. Deep-sea basins, *Shallow basin.
- 3.2 Paleocurrents and basin analysis *with reference to Indian example.
- 3.3 Clastic Petrofacies. Plaeoclimates and paleoenvironment analysis.
- 3.4 Diagenesis of sandstone and carbonate rocks changes in mineralogy, fabric, and chemistry.

UNIT-IV

- 4.1 Pathogenesis of arkoses, greywacke and quartz arenites.
- 4.2 Concept of Geochemical and biogeochemical cycles and global climates.
- 4.3 Application of Trace, REE and stable isotopes geochemistry to sedimentological problems.
- 4.4 Surface features of earth island arcs, mid-oceanic ridges, Young mountain belts and their distribution. Evolution of continental and oceanic crust.

UNIT - V

- 5.1 Plate Tectonics. Plate margins. Evolution of sedimentary basins in the context of Plate Tectonics.
- 5.2 Tectonics of Precambrian Orogenic belts.
- 5.3 Anatomy of Orogenic belts and formation of mountain roots.
- 5.4 *Structure and origin of Himalayan belt.

- Blatt, H., Middleton, G.V. and Murray, R.C. (1980): Origin of Sedimentary Rocks, Prentice-Hall Inc.
- Collins, J.D., and Thompson, D.B. (1982): Sedimentary Structures, George Allen and Unwin, London.
- Lindholm, R.C. (1987) A Practical Approach to Sedimentology, Allen and Unwin, London.
- Miall, A.D. (2000): Principles of Basin Analysis, Springer-Verlag.

- Pettijohn;, F.J. (1975): Sedimentary Rocks (3rd Ed.), Harper and Row Publ., New Delhi.
- Reading, H.G. (1997): Sedimentary Environments and facies, Blackwell Scientific Publication.
- Reineck, H.E. and Singh, I.B. (1973): Depositional Sedimentary Environments, Springer-Verlag.
- Selley, R. C. (2000) Applied Sedimentology, Academic Press.
- Tucker, M.E. (1981): Sedimentary Petrology: An Introduction, Wiley and Sons, New York.
- Tucker, M.E. (1990): Carbonate Sedimentolgy, Blackwell Scientific Publication.
- Allen P. A. and J.R.L. Allen (2005): Basin Analysis: Principles and Application, Blackwell Publ.
- Perry, C.T. and Taylor, K.G. (2006): Envoronmental Sedimentology, Blackwell Publ., U.K.
- Bird, J.M. (1980): Plate Tectonics, American Geophysical Union, Washington D.C.
- Briggs, J.C. (1987): Biogeography and Plate Tectonics, Elsevier.
- Lieberman, B. L.(2000): Paleobiogeography: using fossils to study Global Change,
 Plate Tectonics and Evolution, Plenum Publ., New York.
- Jacquelyne Kious, J. and Tilling, R.I. (2007): This Dynamic Earth: The story of Plate Tectonics, USGS Information Services.
- Gass I.G. (1982): Understanding the Earth. Artemis Press (Pvt) Ltd. U.K.
- Windley B. (1973): The Evolving continents, John Wiley and Sons, New York.

M.SC. GEOLOGY SEMESTER - II PAPER-IV

STRATIGRAPHIC PRINCIPLES AND INDIAN GEOLOGY

UNIT - I

- 1.1. Principles of stratigraphic scales and its divisions, dual classification.
- 1.2. Stratigraphic units lihtostratigraphic, biostratigraphic and chronostratigraphic.
- 1.3. Rules of stratigraphic nomenclature.
- 1.4. Stratigraphic correlation.

UNIT - II

- 2.1 Concept of sequence stratigraphy.
- 2.2 Chief divisions of Indian sub-continent and their physiographic characters.
- 2.3 Archaean Era. Distribution and classification in Peninsula (Mysore, Bihar, M. P. and Rajasthan) and extrapeninsular regions. Their correlation and economic importance.
- 2.4 Dharwar Supergroup (Classification, Distribution, Economic importance)

UNIT - III

- 3.1 Cuddaph Supergroup its distribution, classification & equivalent in extra peninsula.
- 3.2 Vindhyan Supergroup its distribution classification age economic importance and correlation.
- 3.3 Chhattisgarh Group, Indravati Group and Khairagarh Group, their classification, age correlation and economic importance.
- 3.4 Palaeozic formations of extra peninsular regions with special reference to their classification distribution and correlation.

UNIT - IV

- 4.1 Distribution, geological succession, classification and climate of Gondwana Supergroup. Age and correlation of Gondwana formations.
- 4.2 Jurassic system of rocks in extrapeninsular region.
- 4.3 Distribution, Classification & correlation of cretaceous formations of Peninsula and extra peninsulas regions of India.
- 4.4 Distribution, structural features and age of the Deccan Traps.

UNIT - V

- 5.1 Inter-trappeans and infra-trappeans of India.
- 5.2 Problems of Permo-triaassic and Cretaceous Palaeocene boundaries.
- 5.3 Distribution, succession, correlation and life of Siwalik formations.
- 5.4 Distribution, lithology, correlation & life of the Cenozoics of Assam & Western India and Pleistocence (Quaternary) deposits, Karewa Beds, Indogangetic Alluvium.

- Boggs, S. (2001): Principles of Sedimentology and Stratigraphy, Prentice Hall.
- Danbar, C.O. and Rodgers, J. (1957): Principles of Stratigraphy, John Viley and Sons.
- Doyle, P. and Bennett. M.R. (1996): Unlocking the Stratigraphic Record, John Viley and Sons.
- Krishnan, M.S. (1982): Geology of India and Burma, C.B.S. Publ. and Distributors, Delhi.
- Naqvi, S.M. and Rogers, J.J.W. (1987): Precambrian Geology of India, Oxford University Press.

- Pascoe, E.H. (1968): A Manual of the Geology of India and Burma (Vols.I-IV), Govt. of India Press, Delhi.
- Pomerol, C. (1982): The Cenozoic Era? Tertiary and Quaternary, Ellis Harwood Ltd., Halsted Press.
- Schoch, Robert, M. (1989): Stratigraphy: Principles and Methods, Van Nostrand Reinhold, New York.
- Krumbein and Sloss (1963): Stratigraphy and sedimentation II Ed.Freeman & Co.

M.SC. GEOLOGY SEMESTER – II PRACTICAL LAB COURSE – I

A: IGNEOUS & METAMORPHIC PETROLOGY

- 1. Megascopic description and identification of igneous and metamorphic rocks.
- 2. Study of textures and structures of Igneous and metamorphic rocks.
- 3. Microscopic identification of Igneous and metamorphic rocks.
- 4. C.I.P.W. Norm calculations and classification of igneous rocks.
- 5. Constructions of variation diagrams of igneous suits of rocks.
- 6. Construction of A.C.F., A.K.F. and A.F.M. diagrams.
- 7. Plotting the Geographical distribution of Igneous and Metamorphic rocks types in and outline map of India.

B: SEDIMENTARY PETROLOGY AND STRATIGRAPHY

- 1. Megascopic description and identification of sedimentary rocks.
- 2. Study of sedimentary structures in hand specimen.
- 3. Microscopic study of sedimentary rocks.
- 4. Graphic representation of sedimentary data and interpretation.
- 5. Heavy mineral studies of sediments.
- 6. Distribution of Important geological formations on outline map of India.
- 7. Construction of fence diagrams
- 8. Correlation diagrams. Recognition of transgressive-regressive cycles based on vertical columns.

LAB COURSE – II GEOLOGICAL FIELD WORK

- 1. Geological mapping in type areas of India to study structural relations and stratigraphic formations in sedimentary, igneous and metamorphic terrains.
- 2. Collection and study of primary and secondary structures of rock bodies and their interpretation.
- 3. Sampling of rocks, minerals and fossils in the field from study areas.
- 4. Preparation of geological maps and sections from the geological data obtained in the field.
- 5. Preparation of geological report based on field studies.
- 6. Viva-Voce on fieldwork and geological report.

M.SC. GEOLOGY SEMESTER - III PAPER-I PALAEONTOLOGY

UNIT – I

- 1.1. Definition of fossil and modes of fossilization their application in age determination, paleoclimatology, palaeogeography and evolution.
- 1.2. Modes and theories of organic evolution, concept of bathymetric distribution of animals, migration and extinction of species.
- 1.3. *Mass extinction event.
- 1.4. Study of morphology, classification, evolutionary trends and geologic and geographic distribution of Brachiopod.

UNIT - II

Study of morphology, Classification, Evolutionary geologic history of the following.

- 2.1 Pelecypoda (Lamellibranches)
- 2.2 Gastropoda.
- 2.3 Cephalopoda
- 2.4 Trilobites.

UNIT - III

Study of morphology, Classification, Evolutionary geologic history of the following.

- 3.1 Echinoids. Graptolites and Rugose Corals.
- 3.2 An elementary idea about the origin of major groups of vertebrates.
- 3.3 Study of evolutionary history of Horse and Elephant, Man.
- 3.4 *Study of Reptiles Dinosaurs, Study of Pices Fishes.

UNIT - IV

- 4.1 General study of Siwalik mammalian fauna.
- 4.2 Plant life through geologic ages.
- 4.3 Study of fossil flora of Gondwana Group and Tertiary Formations of India.
- 4.4 Definition and scope of micropaleontology.

UNIT - V

- 5.1 Techniques in micropaleontology.
- 5.2 Application of microfossils in stratigraphic correlation, age determination and palaeoenvironmental interpretations.
- 5.3 Study of morphology of foraminifers.
- 5.4 Classification, evolution and geological distribution of foraminifers.

- Boardman, R.S., Cheethan, A.M. and Rowell, A.J. (1988): Fossil Invertebrates, Blackwell.
- Clarksons, E.N.K. (1998): Invertebrate Paleontology and Evolution, Allen and Unwin, London.
- Dobzhansky, Ayala, Stebbins and Valentine (1977): Evolution, Freeman.
- Horowitz, A.S. and Potter, E.D. (1971): Introductory Petrography of Fossils, Springer Verlag.
- Mayr, E. (1971): Population, Species and Evolution, Harvard.

- Prothero, D.R. (2004): Bringing Fossil to Life An Introduction to Paleontology (2nd Ed.), McGraw Hill.
- Raup, D.M. and Stanley, S.M. (1985): Principles of Paleontology, CBS Publ..
- Smith, A.B.(1994): Systematics and Fossil Record Documenting Evolutionary Patterns, Blackwell.
- Strean, C.W. and Carroll, R.L. (1989): Paleontology the record of life, John Wiley.
- Bignot, G., Grahm and Trottman (1985): Elements of Micropaleontoogy, London.
- Romer, A.S. (1966): Vertebrate Paleontology (3rd Edn.) Chicago University Press.

M.SC. GEOLOGY SEMESTER - III PAPER-II ORE AND FUEL GEOLOGY

UNIT – I

- 1.1. Modern concepts of ore genesis. Spatial and temporal distribution of ore deposits _ Global perspective.
- 1.2. Concept of ore bearing fluids, their origin and migration. Fluid inclusion in ores limitations and applications.
- 1.3. Texture, papargensis and zoning in ores.
- 1.4. Wall rock alteration. Structural, physico-chemical and stratigraphic controls of ore localization.

UNIT – II

- 2.1 Orthomagmatic ores of mafic-ultramafic association _ Diamonds in Kimberlites, REE in Carbonatite, Ti -V Ores, Chromite and PGE, Ni Ores.
- 2.2 Cyprus type Cu-Zn Ores.
- 2.3 Ores of Silicic igneous rocks _ Kiruna type Fe-P. Pegmatoids, Greisen and Skarn deposits.
- 2.4 Porphyry associations Kuroko type Zn-Pb-Cu, Malanjkhand Type Cu-Mo deposits.

UNIT - III

- 3.1 Ores of Sedimentary affiliations _ Chemical and Clastic sediments. Stratiform and Stratabound ore deposits. (Fe, Mn, non ferrous). Placers and paleoplacers.
- 3.2 Ores of Metamorphic affiliations. Metamorphism of ores and metamorphogenic ores.
- 3.3 Ores related to weathered surfaces Bauxite, Ni and Au laterite.
- 3.4 Mineralogy, genesis, distribution in India and uses of Cu, Pb, Zn.

UNIT-IV

Mineralogy, genesis, distribution in India and uses of following ore deposits:

- 4.1 Ion and manganese
- 4.2 Gold and Silver
- 4.3 Aluminum and chromium
- 4.4 National Mineral Policy and mineral concession rules.

UNIT - V

- 5.1 Definition and origin of Kerogene and coal. Rank, Grade and type of coal. Microscopic constituents of coal.
- 5.2 Chemical characterization of coal Proximate and Ultimate analysis. Coal bed methane.
- 5.3 Distribution of Coal in India. Origin, nature and migration of oil and gas. Characteristics of reservoir rocks.
- 5.4 Oil bearing basins of India. Geology of productive oil fields of India. Mode of Occurrence and association of atomic minerals in nature. Productive geological horizons, *Sedimentary basin.

- Branes, H.L. (1979): Geochemistry of Hydrothermal Ore Deposits, John Willey.
- Cuilbert, J.M. and Park, Jr. C.F. (1986): The Geology of Ore Deposits, Freidman.
- Evans, A.M. (1993): Ore Geology and Industrial Minerals, Blackwell.
- James R. Craig and David J. Vaughan (1994): Ore Microscopy and Petrography.

- Klemm, D.D. and Schnieder, H.J. (1977): Time and Strata Bound Ore Deposits, Springer-Verlag.
- Mookherjee, A. (2000): Ore Genesis-A Holistic Approach, Allied Publisher.
- Ramdhor, P. (1969): The Ore Minerals and their Intergowths, Pergamon Press.
- Stanton, R.L. (1972): Ore Petrology, McGraw Hill.
- Wolf, K.H. (1976-1981): Hand Book of Stratabound and Stratiform Ore Deposits, Elsevier Publ..
- Chandra, D., Singh, R.M. Singh, M.P. (2000): Textbook of Coal (Indian context), Tara Book Agency, Varanasi.
- Singh, M.P. (1998): Coal and organic Petrology, Hindustan Publishing Corporation, New Delhi.
- Texbook of Coal petrology, Gebruder Borntraeger, Stuttgart.
- Van Krevelen, D. W. (1993): Coal :Typology-Physics-Chemistry-Constitution), Elsevier Science, Netherlands.
- North, F.K. (1985): Petroleum Geology, Allen Unwin.
- Selley, R.C. (1998): Elements of Petroleum Geology, Academic Press.
- Mineral Concession Rules 1960 (2005), IBM, Nagpur.
- Sinha, R.K. and Sharma, N.L. (1976): Mineral economics, Oxford and IBH Publ.

M.SC. GEOLOGY SEMESTER - III PAPER-III GEMORPHOLOGY AND REMOTE SENSING

UNIT – I

- 1.1. Geomorphic concepts and geomorphic cycle.
- 1.2. Geomorphic processes Weathering, soil-processes, Mass-Wasting.
- 1.3. Valley development, cycle of erosion, rejuvenation.
- 1.4. Drainage patterns and their significance.

UNIT - II

- 2.1 Fluvial landforms and Glacial landforms
- 2.2 Karst topography.
- 2.3 Arid and Aeolian landforms
- 2.4 Coastal and volcanic landforms.

UNIT - III

- 3.1 Terrain evaluation and concept of morphometric analysis.
- 3.2 Geomorphological mapping based on genesis of landforms.
- 3.3 Geomorphic regions of India. Principles of terrain analysis.
- 3.4 Concept and physical basis of remote sensing: terrestrial, aerial and space platforms. Advantages and limitations, *Satellite navigation GNSS, GPS, DGPS with special reference to NavIC.

UNIT - IV

- 4.1 *Principles of Remote Sensing and Electromagnetic Spectrum EMR Bands.
- 4.2 Interaction of EMR with atmosphere and earth surface features, *Atmospheric Window.
- 4.3 Remote sensing sensors, data acquisition, visual interpretation and digital processing techniques. Interpretation of topographic and tectonic features
- 4.4 Aerial photography, photographs and their geometry. Photogrammetry.

UNIT - V

- 5.1 *Satellite Classification on basis of Orbit, Concept of radiometric, Spectral, Spatial and Temporal resolution of satellite.
- 5.2 *Indian Satellite mission with special reference to Indian extra-terrestrial missions.
- 5.3 *Application of Remote Sensing in Geology, Geomorphology, Natural Resource Mapping, Urban Planning
- 5.4 *GIS Definition, Component, Application and Limitations, GIS softwares, Applications of GIS in Geology.

- Drury, S.A. (2001): Image Interpretation in Geology, Allen and Unwin.
- Gupta, R.P. (1991): Remote Sensing Geology, Springer-Verlag.
- Halis, J.R. (1983): Applied Geomorphology.
- Holmes, A. (1992): Holmes Principles of Physical Geology, Edited by P. McL. D. Duff. Chapman and Hall.
- Lillesand, T.M. and Kiefer, R.W. (1987): Remote Sensing and Image Interpretation, John Wiley.
- Sharma, H.S. (1990): Indian Geomorphology, Concept Publishing Co., New Delhi.
- Siegal, B.S. and Gillespie, A.R. (1980): Remote Sensing in Geology, John Wiley.
- Thornbury, W.D. (1980): Principles of Geomorphology, Wiley Easton Ltd., New York.

M.SC. GEOLOGY SEMESTER - III PAPER-IV MINERAL EXPLORATION

UNIT- I

- 1.1. Prospecting & Exploration: Definition and characteristic features. Reconnaissance. Preliminary and detailed investigation, surface and subsurface methods.
- 1.2. Guides to ore search: global, regional and local guides, detailed study of regional physiographic, stratigraphic, lithological, mineralogical and structural guides. Persistence of ore in depth.
- 1.3. Drilling: Type of drills, Diamond drilling, Drilling records and logs, Duty of geologists during drilling.
- 1.4. Sampling: General principles, various methods and procedures, Average assays, weighting of samples, salting. Precautions.

UNIT-II

- 2.1 Calculating grade and tonnage of ore: Average grade, volume, specific gravity, tonnage factor, calculations from data obtained from bore holes, prospecting pits, trenches, ore blocks, geological maps and sections.
- 2.2 Gravity Method of prospecting: Basic principles of gravimeter. Gravity field surveys. Various types of corrections applied to gravity data.
- 2.3 Preparation of gravity anomaly maps. And their interpretation in terms of shape, size and depth.
- 2.4 Magnetic method of prospecting: Magnetic properties. Magnetic anomaly. Magnetometer. Field survey and data reduction. Preparation of magnetic anomaly maps. Aeromagnetic surveys.

UNIT-III

- 3.1 Seismic prospecting: Fundamentals of seismic wave propagation, Methods of seismic prospecting and interpretation of seismic data.
- 3.2 Basic principles of resistivity method. Resistivity survey. Application and interpretation of resistivity data. S. P. Method and interpretation of data obtained by S. P. Method.
- 3.3 Radiometric prospecting and Borehole Logging. Radiometric survey, Application and interpretation of data.
- 3.4 Borehole logging: Principles of various borehole-logging methods, Interpretation of data.

UNIT-IV

- 4.1 Geochemical cycle, Forms of primary and secondary dispersion of elements. Secondary dispersion processes and anomalies.
- 4.2 Factors affecting dispersion patterns. Main types of geochemical surveys.
- 4.3 Methods of lithogeochemical and pedogeochemical surveys.
- 4.4 Methods of hydro-geochemical, atmogeochemical and biogeochemical surveys.

UNIT - V

- 5.1 Case studies of regional exploration for deposits of plutonic associations and vein and replacement types.
- 5.2 Analytical methods sample preparation and decomposition. Precision and accuracy.
- 5.3 Instrumentation and applications of Atomic absorption spectrometer, Emission spectrograph and XRF.

- 5.4 Statistical treatment of geochemical data.
- 5.5 *Applications of Remote Sensing in Mineral Exploration

- Arogyaswami, R.P.N. (1996): Courses in Mining Geology, Oxford and IBH Publ.
- Bagchi, T.C., Sengupta, D.K., Rao, S.V.L.N. (1979): Elements of Prospecting and Exploration, Kalyani Publ.
- Banerjee , P.K. and Ghosh, S. (1997): Elements of Prospecting for Non-fuel Mineral deposits, Allied Publ.
- Chaussier, Jean Bernard and Morer, J. (1987): Mineral Prospecting Manual., North Oxford Academic.
- Dhanraju, R. (2005): Radioactive Minerals, Geol. Soc. India, Bangalore.
- Rajendran, S. (2007): Mineral Exploration: Recent Strategies.
- Sinha, R.K. and Sharma, N.L. (1976): Mineral economics, Oxford and IBH Publ.

M.SC. GEOLOGY SEMESTER – III PRACTICAL LAB COURSE - I

Ore Geology and Mineral Exploration

- 1. Megascopic study of metallic and nonmetallic economic minerals. Description and identification, uses and distribution in India.
- 2. Description and identification of ore minerals in polished section of ores.
- 3. Study of ore textures and structure under the microscope.
- 4. Paragenetic study of ore minerals and construction of Paragenetic diagrams.
- 5. Location of important metallic and non-metallic mineral compels in a map of India.
- 6. Calculation of ore reserves and assay values.
- 7. Study and interpretations of Isopach and Isograde maps.
- 8. Evaluation of simple mining plans.
- 9. Interpretation of Geophysical and geochemical anomaly maps.
- 10. Numerical problems based on Geophysical and geochemical data.

LAB COURSE - II

[A] Paleontology

- 1. Study and identification of important invertebrate, vertebrate and plant fossils. Drawing of neat sketches of fossils.
- 2. Sketching and labeling of representative fossil specimens.
- 3. 3 Identification and study of important foraminifers.

[B] Geomorphology and Remote Sensing.

- 1. Identification and interpretation of drainage patterns
- 2. Drawing of labeled diagrams of landforms
- 3. Determination of stream order, bifurcation ratio, drainage density, stream frequency, infiltration number.
- 4. Slope studies of landforms.
- 5. Study of aerial photographs and satellite imageries and identification of landforms.

M.SC. GEOLOGY SEMESTER - IV PAPER-I MINING AND ENGINEERING GEOLOGY

UNIT – I

- 1.1. Definition of mining terms: pitting, trenching, panning, adits, tunnels, and shafts.
- 1.2. Role of geologist in mining industry. Strata control in different rocks and structures.
- 1.3. Geological structures of ore deposits and choice of mining methods.
- 1.4. Subsidence and rock bursts, mine supports, Ventilation and drainage.

UNIT - II

- 2.1 Open pit mining- geologic and geomorphic conditions, different methods of opencast mining, advantages and limitations.
- 2.2 Underground mining methods- gophering, shrinkage, stoping, caving and slicing sublevel, over hand, under hand methods.
- 2.3 Coal mining methods, long wall, board and pillar.
- 2.4 Engineering properties of rocks and soil. Physical characters of building stones. Metal concrete aggregate.

UNIT - III

- 3.1 Role of geologist in civil construction projects.
- 3.2 Geological considerations for evaluation of Dam and reservoir sites. Dam foundation problems. Dam failure.
- 3.3 Geotechnical evaluation of tunnel alignment and transportation routes. Methods of tunneling.
- 3.4 Classification of ground for tunneling purposes. Various types of supports.
- 3.5 *Bridge Site Selection, Construction, Geological Considerations.

UNIT - IV

- 3.1 General principles, economic justification and scope of mineral dressing.
- 3.2 Properties or rocks and minerals as applied to mineral dressing.
- 3.3 Previous and secondary breaking, crushing and grinding, liberation by sizes, reduction.
- 3.4 Principles and methods of screening.
- 3.5 Principles and methods of classification, classification as a means of concentration.

UNIT- V

- 4.1 Concentration methods, hand sorting, washing, jigging, tabling heavy fluid.
- 4.2 Magnetic and electrostatic methods of separation of minerals.
- 4.3 Floatation methods- Principles and techniques with examples.
- 4.4 Application of ore microscopy in mineral dressing.
 Concentration methods- with flow sheets of common types of mineral and ore dressing practicess in India Gold, copper, Lead-zinc, coal, beach sand, fluorite, iron, manganese, chromite and limestone.

- Dobrin, M. B.; Savit, C. H. (1988): Introduction to Geophysical Prospecting, McGraw-Hill.
- Keary, P., Brooks, M. and Hill, I. (2002): An introduction to geophysical exploration, (3rd Ed.), Blackwell.
- Krynine, D.H. and Judd, W.R. (1998): Principles of Engineering Geology, CBS Publ..
- Rider, M. H. (1986): Whittles Publishing, Caithness. The Geological Interpretation of Well Logs, (Rev. Ed.).
- Schultz, J.R. and Cleaves, A.B. (1951): Geology in Engineering, John Willey and Sons,
 New York
- Singh, P. (1994): Engineering and General Geology, S.K. Kataria and Sons, Delhi.

M.SC. GEOLOGY SEMESTER - IV PAPER-II

ENVRIONMENTAL GEOLOGY & CLIMATOLOGY, OCEANOGRAPHY

UNIT- I

- 1.2 Definition, history and scope of Environmental Geology.
- 1.2 *Environment, Ecology, Ecosystems and habitat. Nature of its degradation.
- 1.3 Basic concepts of Environmental Geology.
- 1.4 *Interaction of man and natural systems.
- 1.5 *Environmental policies of the Government for air and water pollution. Environmental laws.

UNIT-II

- 2.1 *Conservation principle, conservation of mineral and fuel resources.
- 2.2 *Conservation of soil and water resources.
- 2.3 Problems of environment in urban areas, causes and remedies.
- 2.4 *Geological hazards- Lands slides, volcanic activity, Earthquake. *Tsunami
- 2.5 *Geological hazards -River flooding, erosion and sedimentation, coastal erosion, cyclones and tsunamis.

UNIT-III

- 3.1 Draught and desertification, Measures of mitigation.
- 3.2 *Changes in surface and subsurface by mining activities.
- 3.3 Transgression and Regression of sea. Measures of mitigation.
- 3.4 Human modifications of nature in surface and subsurface by engineering constructions dams, reservoirs, bridges and buildings.
- 3.5 *Human settlement and contamination of atmosphere, soil, surface water and groundwater by waste disposal and agro-industries.

UNIT - IV

- 4.1 * Isolation and Heat budget of Earth.
- 4.2 *Classification of climate Koppens and Thornthwaite.
- 4.3 *Jet stream, Corolis force, ITCZ.
- 4.4 *El Nino and La Nina, ENSO.

UNIT- V

- 5.1 *Ocean water circulation.
- 5.2 *Cloud classification and its precipitation mechanics Bergeron, Eindeisen process
- 5.3 *Indian Monsoon, Western disturbances.
- 5.4 *Coral reefs, its importance in Oceans, Physiology, Biological & its degradation. Coral bleaching.

- Bryant, E. (1985): Natural Hazards, Cambridge Univ. Press.
- Keller, E.A.(1978): Environmental Geology, Bell and Howell, USA.
- Nagabhushaniah, H.S. (2001): Goundwater in Hydrosphere, CBS Publ.
- Perry, C.T. and Taylor, K.G. (2006): Environmental Sedimentology, Blackwell Publ.
- Singh, S. (2001): Geomorphology, Pustakalaya Bhawan, Allahabad.
- Todd, D.K. (1995): Groundwater Hydrology, John Wiley and Sons.
- Valdiya, K.S.(1987): Environmental Geology Indian Context, Tata McGraw Hill.

M.SC. GEOLOGY SEMESTER - IV PAPER-III HYDROGEOLOGY

UNIT- I

- 1.1 Scope of hydrogeology and its relation with hydrology, meteorology and their uses in the Hydrogeological investigation.
- 1.2 *Hydrologic cycle. Role of groundwater in the hydrologic cycle. Hydrograph, data collection and analysis.
- 1.3 *Composition of Sea water and River water.
- 1.4 Water table and piezometric surface. Water table fluctuation. Water table contour maps, interpretation and uses.

UNIT-II

- 2.1 Water bearing formation types aquifers, aquitard. aquiclude, aquifuse. Aquifer types: perched, unconfined, semi-confined and unconfined, isotropic, anisotropic.
- 2.2 Porosity, permeability. Ground water movement: Darcy's law and its applications.
- 2.3 Specific yield and specific retention. Storativity and transmissivity.
- 2.4 Steady and unsteady flow, leaky aquifers. Groundwater flow near aquifer bundaries.

UNIT-III

- 3.1 Bounded aquifers. Image wells.
- 3.2 Wells and their types. Construction of wells.
- 3.3 Well Development and completion.
- 3.4 Pumping test and Yield of wells.

UNIT-IV

- 4.1 Geological and Hydrogeological methods of groundwater exploration.
- 4.2 Geophysical methods Electrical resistivity method for groundwater exploration
- 4.3 Application of remote sensing in groundwater exploration.
- 4.4. Basin wise development of groundwater with special reference to Chhattisgarh region.

UNIT - V

- 5.1 Groundwater provinces of India.
- 5.2 Sources of dissolved constituents in groundwater. Groundwater quality standards-drinking, domestic, agriculture and industry. Groundwater pollution.
- 5.3 Groundwater management. Safe yield, overdraft and spacing of wells.
- 5.4 Conservation of Groundwater; conjunctive use of water. Artificial recharge.

- C.F. Tolman (1937): Groundwater, McGraw Hill, New York and London.
- D.K. Todd (1995): Groundwater Hydrology, John Wiley and Sons.
- F.G. Driscoll (1988): Groundwater and Wells, UOP, Johnson Div.St.Paul. Min. USA.
- H.M. Raghunath (1990): Groundwater, Wiley Eastern Ltd.,
- H.S. Nagabhushaniah (2001): Groundwater in Hydrosphere (Groundwater hydrology), CBS Publ..
- K. R. Karanth (1989): Hydrogeology, Tata McGraw Hill Publ..
- S.N. Davies and R.J.N. De Wiest (1966): Hydrogeology, John Wiley and Sons, New York

M.SC. GEOLOGY SEMESTER – IV PRACTICAL LAB COURSE – I

150 Marks

[A] HYDRGEOLOGY

- 1. Hydrogeological properties of rocks.
- 2. Interpretation of water table maps.
- 3. Computation of pumping test data.
- 4. Interpretation of Hydrogeochemical data and their plotting in different diagrams.
- 5. Sieve analysis and screen gravel pack design.
- 6. Plotting of groundwater provinces on an outline map of India.
- 7. Computation of Resistivity (VES) data.

[B] ENGINEERING GEOLOGY AND MINING GEOLOGY

- 1. Interpretation of engineering properties of rocks in hands specimens.
- 2. Determination of compressive, tensile and sheer strength of rocks.
- 3. Determination of porosity and absorption of building materials.
- 4. Mechanical analysis of soils and unconsolidated materials.
- 5. Preparation of core-logs and their Geotechnical interpretation from bore hole data.
- 6. Plotting the geographical distribution of important dams, tunnels on the outline of India.
- 7. Terrain studies from satellite imageries, aerial photographs and Toposheet.

M.SC. GEOLOGY SEMESTER – IV CORE ELECTIVE COURSES: ME- I ADVANCED HYDROGEOLOGY

UNIT- I

- 1.1. Hydrologic cycle, ground water in hydrologic cycle
- 1.2. Hydrograph and hydrographic analysis
- 1.3. Water balance studies
- 1.4. Springs (including thermal): origin and movement of water.

UNIT-II

- 2.1 Geologic structures favouring groundwater movement. Methods of identification of groundwater reservoir properties.
- 2.2 Force and laws of groundwater movement.
- 2.3 Well hydraulics: confined, unconfined, unsteady and radial flow. Water level fluctuation. Causative factors and their measurements.
- 2.4 Water well technology: Well types, drilling methods, construction, designing development and maintenance of wells.

UNIT-III

- 3.1 Groundwater in arid and semiarid regions.
- 3.2 Groundwater in coastal and alluvial regions.
- 3.3 Groundwater in hard rocks and limestone terrain. Environmental impact on groundwater extraction.
- 3.4 Ground water recharge: artificial and natural. Factors controlling recharge. Conjunctive and consumptive use of groundwater.

UNIT-IV

- 4.1 Chemical characterization of groundwater in relation to domestic and industrial uses.
- 4.2 Chemical characterization of groundwater for irrigation purposes.
- 4.3 Water pollution: remedial measures and treatment
- 4.4 Problems of arsenic and fluoride in water.

UNIT-V

- 5.1 Geological and hydrogeological methods of groundwater exploration.
- 5.2 Geophysical surface resistivity and seismic methods in groundwater exploration. Geophysical water well logging.
- 5.3 Application of remote sensing and radiogenic isotopes in hydrogeological studies.
- 5.4 Basin-wise groundwater management.

Lab course: ME-I

Based on Course ME-I and field data collection and report writing.

M.SC. GEOLOGY SEMESTER – IV CORE ELECTIVE COURSES: ME-II PROJECT ORIENTED DISSERTATION

Script Evaluation 100 SEMINAR 25 VIVA VOCE 25

Minor Elective GMnE- I DISASTER MANAGEMENT

UNIT- I

Brief Introduction about the Natural Disasters, such as: Floods, Droughts, Cyclone, Landslides, Earthquake and Tsunamis. Their causes and impacts.

UNIT-II

Brief introduction about the man-made Disasters, such as: nuclear, industrial accidents, environmental disasters, fires, rail accidents, road accidents, air accidents and sea accidents and their causes and impacts

UNIT -III

Understanding Hazard Risk Concept and Elements. Risk Analysis and Risk Assessment.

Resource Analyses and Mobilisation. Strategic Developments for Vulnerability Reduction

UNIT-IV

Disaster Preparedness: Conception and Nature. Disaster Management – Prevention, Preparedness and Mitigation. Use and Applications of Emerging Technologies in Disaster Preparedness.

UNIT-V

Disaster Response Plan. Communication, Participation, and Activation of Emergency Preparedness Plan. Logistics Management.

- Bell, F.G. (1999): Geological Hazards, Routledge, London.
- Bryant, E. (1985): Natural Hazards, Cambridge Univ. Press.
- Keller, E.A. (1978): Environmental Geology, Bell and Howell, USA.
- Lal, D. S. (2007): Climatology, Sharda Pustak Bhawan, Allahabad.
- Patwardhan, A.M. (1999): The Dynamic Earth System, Prentice Hall.
- Smith, K. (1992): Environmental Hazards, Routledge, London.
- Subramaniam, V. (2001): Textbook in Environmental Science, Narosa International.
- Valdiya, K.S. (1987): Environmental Geology Indian Context, Tata McGraw Hill.